

Automotive Electrification: Associated EMC Challenges COMMON EMC ISSUES with EVs and TECHNIQUES to RESOLVE

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Introduction





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- Twelve years EMC Experience within the Automotive Sector.
- Example 4 (19) EMC Technical Consultancy Department within Applus+ in January 2020.
- Experienced in component and vehicle-level EMC testing and delivering EMC compliance for vehicle programmes.

Specializing in resolving EMC issues associated with electrified vehicles and high voltage components, I actively encourage and support automotive manufacturers with ensuring greater EMC engagement in the early design stages of both components and new vehicle electrical architectures.

Automotive Electrification: Common EMC Issues and Techniques to Resolve - Overview



Overview of the Topics to Cover:

- **•** Defining the European EMC Regulatory Test Requirements for Electrified Vehicles.
 - Highlighting the Additional Tests Required for Electric / Hybrid Electric Vehicles, Compared to those for a more Traditional Non-Hybrid Internal Combustion Engine (ICE) Vehicle.
- Detailing the Common Areas / Tests where Manufacturers tend to Experience Non-Compliances as a result of Electrification.
 - Including Examples of the Typical Culprits (Components), Responsible for these Non-Compliances.
- B Reviewing Various Methods and Techniques to Resolve these Issues, along with Potential Root Causes.
- Outlining how these Issues could be Prevented through Employing EMC Best Practices during the Virtual Vehicle Design Phases (CAD).

Automotive Electrification: Vehicle-Level Certification EMC Test Requirements (non-EV)



Internal Combustion Engine Vehicles (non-EV):

- Off-Board Broadband Radiated Emissions.
 - Uehicle Condition: Static, Engine Running @ 1500 rpm, all Broadband Loads ON.
- Off-Board Narrowband Radiated Emissions.
 - Vehicle Condition: Static, Ignition ON, all Narrowband Loads ON.
- Off-Board Radiated Immunity.

Automotive Electrification: Vehicle-Level Certification EMC Test Requirements (EV)



Electrified Vehicles (e.g., Battery Electric Vehicles, Hybrid Electric Vehicles, etc.):

- Off-Board Broadband Radiated Emissions.
 - Wehicle Conditions: Performed Dynamically (@ 40 km/h) and During AC and DC Charging (Charging Modes 2, 3 and 4 Where Applicable).
- Generation Off-Board Narrowband Radiated Emissions.
 - Vehicle Condition: Ignition ON / EV Drive Ready State, Narrowband Loads ON.
- Off-Board Radiated Immunity.
- Generation Conducted Emissions During AC Charging.
- Measurements of Harmonics, Fluctuations and Flicker along AC Charge Lines.
- **Immunity to EFT (Electrical Fast Transients) Conducted along AC Charge Lines.**
- Immunity to Surges Conducted along AC Charge Lines.

Automotive Electrification: EMC Certification AC and DC Charging Modes Overview.





Mode 2: Portable Charger Supplied with the Vehicle.

Mode 3: Simulating the Connection to an AC Charging Station.

Mode 4: Simulating the Connection to a DC Charging Station.



The most common EMC non-compliances experienced during the development of electrified vehicles, and those that are the hardest to resolve, are typically related to off-board radiated emissions and conducted emissions.

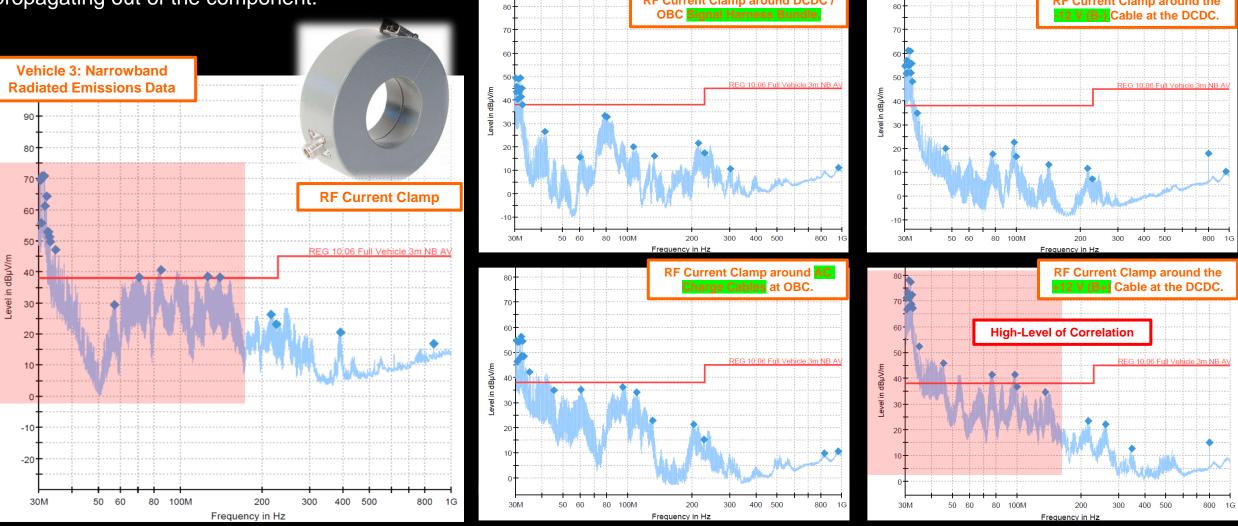
/ehicle 1: Narrowband Radiated Emissions Data Vehicle 2: Narrowband Radiated Emissions Data Vehicle 3: Narrowband Radiated Emissions Data 301 80 Frequency in Hz

Examples of Off-Board Radiated Emissions Non-Compliances:

High commonality between each of the non-compliances, and the responsible component in each case is: **HV DCDC**

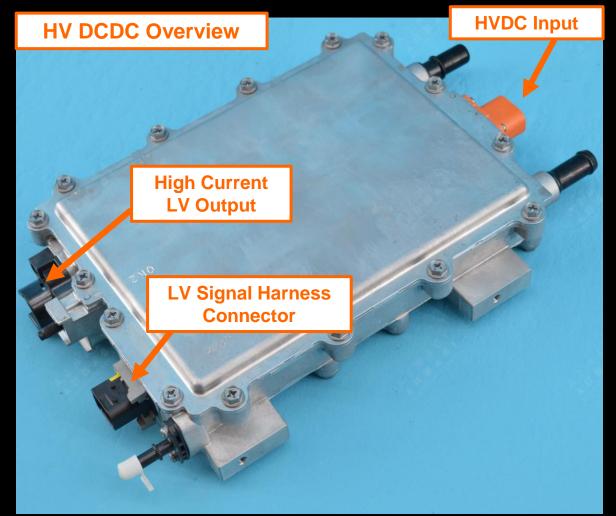


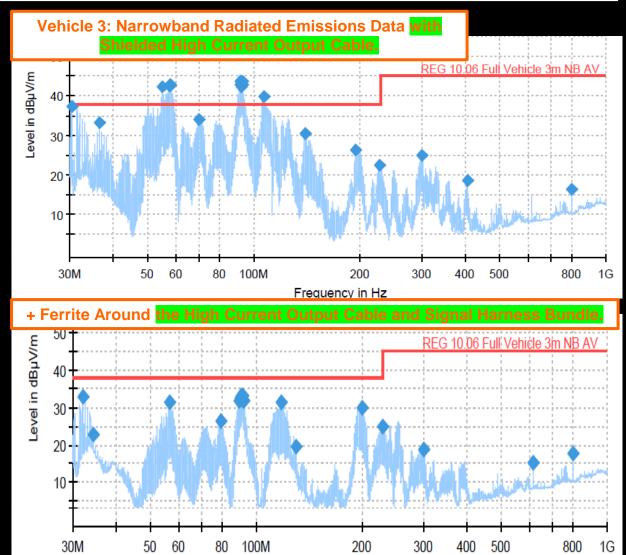
To resolve a non-compliance such as this, once the source has been identified, its critical to understand how the interference is propagating out of the component.





Possible vehicle-level modifications for reducing interference from components such as a HV DCDC is as follows:

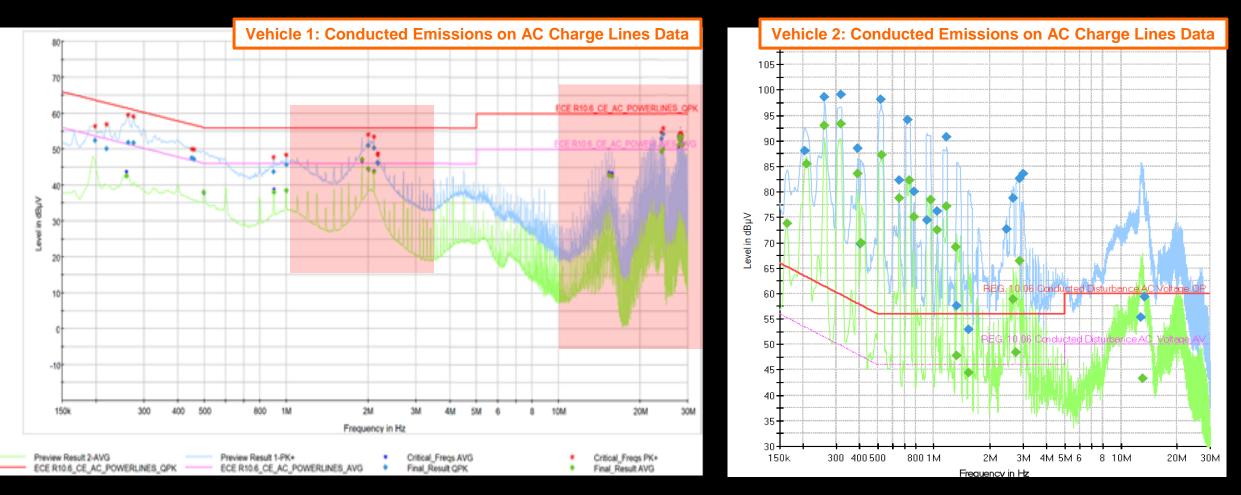




Frequency in Hz



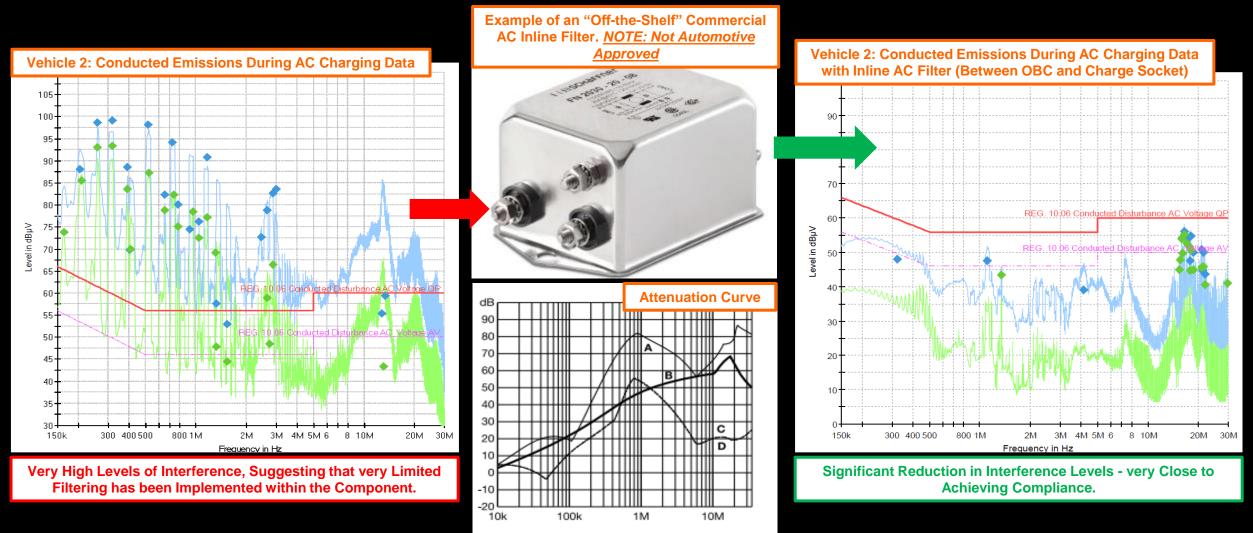
Examples of Conducted Emissions Non-Compliances:



Unsurprisingly, the OBC (OnBoard Charger) is typically responsible for conducted emissions on AC charge lines non-compliances.



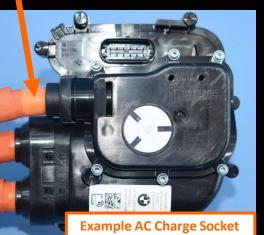
Implementation of an AC Inline Filter is a Good Solution, but Expensive and Challenging to Integrate.

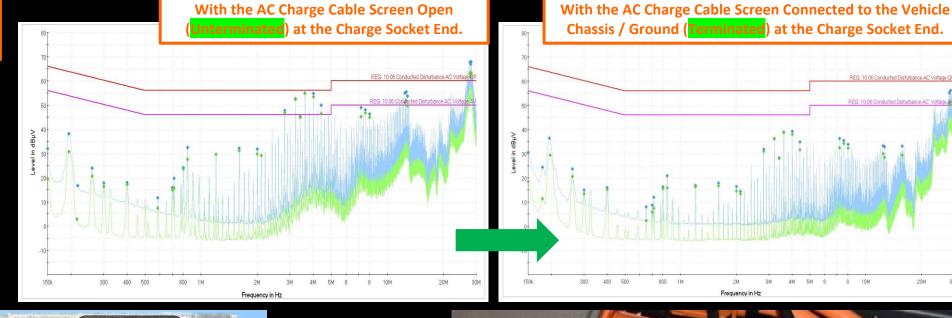


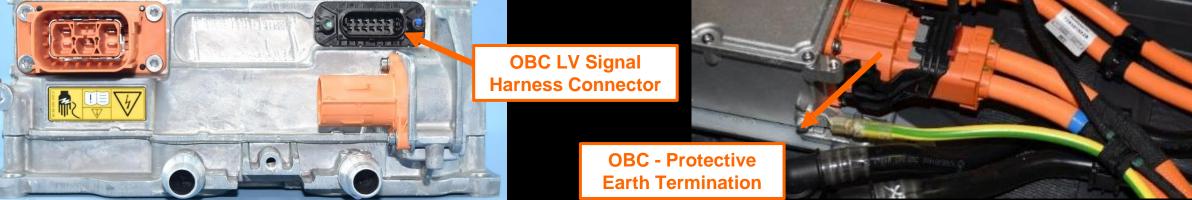


Methods for reducing the higher frequency conducted emissions (1 MHz to 30 MHz) are as follows:

Remove the Insulation and Terminate the Screen of the AC Charge Cable at the Charge Socket End to the Vehicle Body, via a Short Fly Lead.

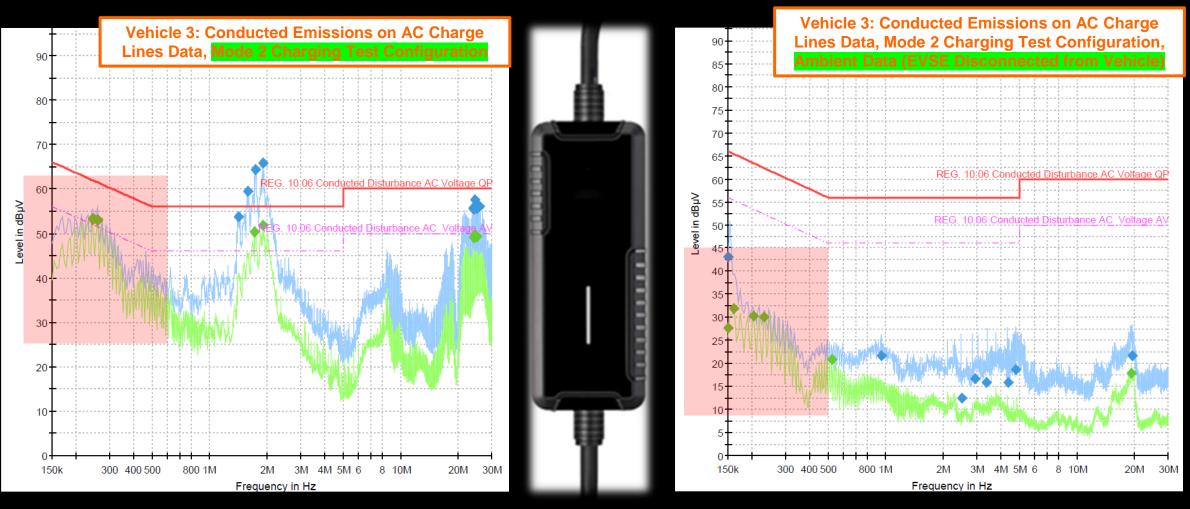








Concerns Related to *Mode 2* AC Chargers:



Often Mode 2 AC Chargers are "CE-marked" and **NOT** "E-marked", leading to issues during vehicle-level testing / approval.

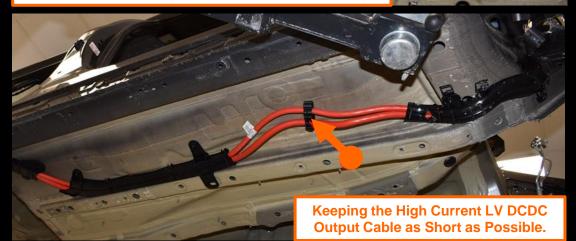
Automotive Electrification: EMC Certification of Electrified Vehicles, Integration Strategies.



HV System Integration Strategies for Improving EMC:



RF Grounding - Where Possible Utilising HV Component Mounting Points for "Free" Grounding.





Earth Directly to the OBC Enclosure.

Thank you, any Questions?

